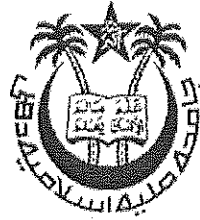


**OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF EXAMINATIONS
JAMIA MILLIA ISLAMIA, NEW DELHI- 110025**



SYLLABUS

M.A. – HISTORY (PRIVATE)

FIRST & FINAL YEAR

P-1: STATE FORMATION IN MEDIEVAL INDIA 1200-1526 A.D.

UNIT-1

1. Islamic & Indian Antecedents -
 - (a) Emergence of the concept of State in the Islamic Societies.
 - (b) Political ideas of Almavardi and Nizamul Muluk Tusi.
 - (c) Indian Political System with special reference to Indian Feudalism
2. Indo-Persian historiography in Medieval India-
Minhaj-us Siraj, Amir Khusrav, Ibn-i Batuta, Ziauddin Barani, Shams Siraj Affif, Malfuz Literature.

UNIT-2

3. Process of Conquests and expansion-
 - (a) Ghorid conquests and role of Turkish element; Achievements of Aibak, Iltutmish and Balban, Causes and impact of the Turkish conquest.
 - (b) Khaljis and Tughlaqs - conquest of Deccan states, expansion of the Sultanate.
 - (c) Disintegration of the Sultanate and rise of the regional kingdoms- Bahmanies, Jaunpur, Gujarat, Malwa, and Bengal.
4. Institutionalized Formation:
 - (a) Concept of kingship : Iltutmish to Balban; Khaljis, Tughlaqs and the Lodis' concept of kingship.
 - (b) Nobility - social composition and organization.
 - (c) Administration.
 - (d) Central administration and the administration of the wilayats; powers and the duties of wazir.

UNIT-3

5. Economy
 - (a) Iqta and revenue free grants.
 - (b) Agrarian economy and revenue administration.
 - (c) Growth of urban centers.
 - (d) Trade and commerce

UNIT-4

6. Social Process in the formation of state

- (a) Madarsas, mosques, Khanqahs.
- (b) Concept of Tasawwuf and silsilahs; sufis, relations with state; impact on society.
- (c) Bhakti movement - various traditions, Nirgun & Sagun Bhakti, Monotheistic Movement.

Reading List

- P.K. Hitti
M.M. Sharif
H.A.R. Gibb
- Hoit, Lambton
and Lewis (ed.)
R.S. Sharma
D.N. Jha
Elliot and Dowson
Habib and Nizami
Richard Maxwell Eaton
- Simon Digby
K.A. Nizami
K.M. Ashraf
M. Mujeeb
R.P. Tripathi
- I.H. Siddiqui
Irfan Habib and
Tapan Roychaudhari (ed.)
H.K. Sherwani
I.H. Qureshi
- History of the Arabs (Also in Urdu), 1966
 - History of Muslim Philosophy, 2 vols. 1961
 - Al-Mavardi's Theory of Khalifa (Islamic Culture, Vol. XI, 1937)
 - Cambridge History of Islam, 1970
 - Indian Feudalism, 1965
 - Economy and Society - Issues and Paradigms.
 - History of India... Vols. I, II, III & IV
 - Comprehensive History of India, Vol. V. 1970
 - Rise of Islam and the Bengal Frontier- 1204-1760, 1994.
 - War Elephant and Horses under the early Sultans of Delhi, 1971.
 - Some Aspects of Religion and Politics in the thirteenth century India, 1974.
 - Life and Condition of the People of Hindustan, 1970.
 - Indian Muslims, 1967.
 - Some Aspects of Muslim Administration, 1936.
 - Some Aspects of Afghan Despotism, 1969.
 - Cambridge Economic History of India, Vol. I, 1982
 - Early Muslim Political Thought and Administration, 1981.
 - Administration of the Sultans of Delhi, 1942.

UNIT-5	British Imperialism in India	Mujeeb Ashraf
(i)	Origins of British Imperialism: Commercial, Financial and Strategic considerations	R.P. Dutta, M.Dobb
(ii)	Direct and Indirect Rule: Subsidiary Alliance system and Annexation policy	K.N. Chaudhuri
(iii)	Impact of Industrial capital on Indian Society	E. Stokes, -do-
UNIT-6	Modernization of Indian Society	N.K. Sinha, Alfred Lyall
(i)	Revenue Policies	R.C. Dutt,
(ii)	Judiciary and Law	S.N. Sen,
(iii)	Social Legislation	B.K. Gupta,
(iv)	English Education	Penderel Moon,
(v)	Technological Development	D.Rothermund,
(vi)	Emergence of Social Classes	
UNIT-7	Resistance to Colonial Rule	Bipan Chandra, Bipan Chandra,
(i)	Nature and forms of Resistance	A.B.Keith
(ii)	Pre 1857 Civil Rebellions	Sheikh Ali
(iii)	Revolt of 1857, nature, character and causes	V.K. Sinha
(iv)	Centres of Revolt	Mohibbul Hasan
(v)	Significance of the Revolt	C.A. Bayly
UNIT-8	Aftermath of the Revolt	S.N. Sen
(i)	Effects of the Revolt	S.B. Chaudhari
(ii)	Re - organization of the British Government under the Crown	-Do-
(iii)	British Policies from 1858	B.B. Mishra
Reading List		O' Malley
Jadunath Sarkar,	The Rise and fall of the Mughal Empire	T.R. Metcalfe
Satish Chandra,	Parties and Politics in Mughal India,	S. Gopal
Irfan Habib	Agrarian system of Mughal India	Mujeeb Ashraf, R.L.Shukla (ed.)

Muslim Attitudes towards British rule and Western Culture in India	Mujeeb Ashraf
India Today,	R.P. Dutta,
Studies in the Development of Capitalism	M.Dobb
The East India Company and The Trading World of South Asia.	K.N. Chaudhuri
The English Utilitarians and India,	E. Stokes, -do-
Peasant and Raj	N.K. Sinha, Alfred Lyall
Economic History of Bengal,	R.C. Dutt,
The Rise and Expansion of the British Dominion in India	S.N. Sen,
Economic history of India	B.K. Gupta,
French in India	Penderel Moon,
Sirajuddaulah & the East India Company	D.Rothermund,
The British Conquest and Dominion of India	Bipan Chandra, Bipan Chandra,
Asian Trade and European Expansion in the Age of Mercantilism	A.B.Keith
Nationalism and Colonialism in Modern India,	Sheikh Ali
The Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in India.	V.K. Sinha
Constitutional History of India	Mohibbul Hasan
Anglo-Mysore Relations	C.A. Bayly
Haider Ali	S.N. Sen
The History of Tipu Sultan	S.B. Chaudhari
Rulers, Townsmen and Bazaars	-Do-
Eighteen Fifty-Seven	B.B. Mishra
The Theories of Indian Mutinies	O' Malley
Civil Rebellions, 1857-1959	T.R. Metcalfe
The Indian Middle Classes	S. Gopal
India and the West	Mujeeb Ashraf, R.L.Shukla (ed.)
Aftermath of the Revolt	
British Policies in India	
Some Aspects of British Colonial Rule in India	
Adhunik Bharat Ka Itihasa	

UNIT-7

Philanthropy and Social Justice in Islam:

- i. Concept and nature of Philanthropy
 - ii. Different nature of Philanthropy: *Zakat, Sadaqa, Baitulmal*
 - iii. *Waqf and Waqf Boards*: organisation, administration
 - iv. Colonial intervention and Muslim reaction.
 - v. Social justice, recipients, role of equity in civil society.
- 8) **Emergence of Nationalism and Muslim response:**
- (a) (i) Literature and cultural critique of imperialist domination, communalism and politics of separation
 - (ii) Muslims and national politics; the Khilafat and Non cooperation movements.
- (b) **Muslims and Pakistan movement:**

Indian Islam as a source of composite Indian Nationalism, partition of India, Indian Muslims and the post independence politics of adjustment and accommodation.

Reading List

- Ahmad, Aziz
-Do-
-Do-
Ahmad, Imtiaz
Ashraf, M.
Aziz, K.K.
Chand, Tara
Chaudhuri, K.N.
Eaton, R.
-Do-
- An Intellectual History of Islam in India, Edinburgh, 1969
Islamic Modernism in India and Pakistan, London, 1967.
Islamic Culture in the Indian Environment, London, 1964.
Caste and Social Stratification among the Indian Muslims, Delhi, 1973.
Muslim Attitude Towards British Rule and Western Culture in India, Delhi, 1982.
Britain and Muslim India, 1963.
Influence of Islam on Indian Culture, 1963.
Asia Before Empire: Economy and Civilisation of the Indian Ocean From the Rise of Islam to 1750, 1990.
Sufis of Bijapur: Social Role of Sufis in Medieval India, Princeton, 1978.
Rise of Islam and the Bengal Frontier, 1204-1760, OUP, Delhi, 1994.

- Embree, A. (ed)
Friedmann, Y.
Khan, M. Ishaq
Chatterji, Joya.
Taqi Raheem (Urdu)
Hissa, Patna, 1998.
Lelyveld, David
Madan, T.N.
Marlow, Louise
Metcalf, B.
Minault, Gail
Mujeeb, M.
Nanda, B.R.
Nizami, K.A.
-Do-
Mohammed, Shan
Pearson, M.N.
Piscatori, James
Pisso, Patricia
Powell, Avril Ann
Qureshi, I.H.
Rizvi, Athar Abbas
Roy, Asim
Said, Edward W
- Muslim Civilisation in India, 1964.
Shaikh Ahmad Sirhindi, 1971.
Kashmir: Transition to Islam, 1994.
Bengal Divided: Hindu communalism and partition 1932-47, CUP, 1995.
Tehreek -e- Azadi Main Bihar ke Muslamano Hissa, Patna, 1998.
Aligarh's First Generation: Muslim Solidarity British India, OUP, Delhi, 1978.
Religions in India, OUP, Delhi, 1992
Hierarchy and Egalitarianism in Islamic Thought 1997.
Islamic Revival in British India: Deoband, 181900, Princeton, 1982.
The Khilafat Movement in India, OUP, Delhi, 1967
The Indian Muslims, London, 1967
Gandhi, Pan Islamism, Imperialism and Indian Nationalism, Bombay, 1989.
Akbar and Religion, Delhi, 1989.
Some Aspects of Religion and Politics in Thirteenth Century India, Delhi, 1974,
Sir Syed Ahmad : A Political Biography, 1969 Pious Passengers, 1994.
Islam in World of Nation States, 1986.
Merchants and Faith : Muslim Commerce Culture in Indian Ocean, 1995.
Muslims and Missionaries in Pre-Mutiny India London, 1993.
The Muslim Community of the Indo-Pak continent, 610-1947, 1962.
Muslim Revivalist Movements in Northern India in the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Centuries, Agra 1965.
The Islamic Syncretic Tradition in Bengal, Princeton, 1983.
Covering Islam, London, 1997.

P-4: THE WORLD POWERS AND DIPLOMACY 1870-1945

UNIT-1

1. Emergence of nation States

- (a) Germany: Role of Bismarck in the unification; domestic policy of Bismarck; Church and State; foreign policy; fall of Bismarck; developments in Germany 1890-1914
- (b) Italy: Political instability; economic developments; socialism and social reforms; developments until 1914.

UNIT-2

2. The Third Republic

the Paris Commune; social and economic changes; the Boulanger affair; the Dreyfus affair; Church and State; labour movement; developments until 1914.

UNIT-3

Africa, South East Asia and the Pacific, European nations and Imperialism; their rivalries in Africa, sphere of influence in Africa and its partition; imperialistic power in South East Asia and the Pacific; America's road to Empire.

4. European diplomacy and the alliances system

Bismarck and his alliances-Dual Alliance; Triple Alliance; Three Emperors' League; Russo German Re-Insurance treaty; Franco-Russian alliance 1894; Triple Entente; alliances on the eve of first world war.

UNIT-3

5. The Eastern question and the Balkans

Europe and the Balkans; the rise of nationalism in the Balkan states; Eastern question and European diplomacy between 1870-1914.

6. Russia: Reaction and Reform:

Liberals in Russia, emancipation of serfs, social democracy; the new revolutionary movement-1905 and 1917 revolutions.

UNIT-4

7. Liberalism and parliamentary democracy

Growth of liberalism; the pattern of parliamentary democracy in western and central Europe; wider franchise; Social reforms.

UNIT-5

8. The First World War

Causes of the War, factors behind the defeat of the central powers; the peace settlements of 1919; the League of Nations, causes of its failure.

UNIT-6

9. Emergence of Fascist dictatorship and diplomacy

(i) Fascism in Italy

Italy after First world war, failure of Italian socialism; political, economic and social upheavals; the social base of fascism; Mussolini and rise of fascism; causes of its failure.

(ii) Nazism in Germany

Role of economic and political crisis in the rise of Hitler; socio-economic policies of the Nazi state responsible for the outbreak of second world war.

(iii) Falange in Spain:

Political and economic crisis in Spain after first world war; civil war, General Franco as a dictator; his policies; Spain and the second world war.

(iv) Japanese Fascism:

causes of rise; its course of action; conflict with China.

UNIT-7

10. The Second World War and its aftermath:

The Axis triumphant 1939-42; German invasion of Russia;

America's participation in the war; war with Japan; the defeat of Axis; the war in the Pacific; the peace negotiations; the beginning of the cold war.

P-5 : HISTORY OF WEST ASIA 610-1258 A.D.

UNIT-1

The Rise of Islam: political, social and economic condition of pre-Islamic Arabia; basic teachings of Islam, their social relevance; the nature of the Islamic state; the prophet's relations with the non-Muslims; pagan Arabs, the Jews and Christians; origin and development of State and Administration under the Prophet; his last sermon.

UNIT-2

The Early Caliphate; origin and development; central, provincial and land revenue administration; relations with non-Muslims; Islamic social structure; the status of women; expansion of the state.

UNIT-3

The rise and fall of Ummayyads: Caliphate to Mulukiat; the rise of sectarianism among Muslims; Khwarj; Murjia and the mautilzila, central, provincial and land revenue administration; position of Arab Muslims and non-Arab Muslims (Mawalis), Zimmis and the slaves; expansion of the empire; the Shaubiya movement and the fall of the Ummayyads.

UNIT-4

Coming of the Abbasids; the nature of the state; character and composition of the ruling classes; the rise of the Turks; the Saijuqs, Ghaznavids and the Ghorids; central, provincial and land revenue administration; the fall of Baghdad.

UNIT-5

Intellectual Life: Literature and Science; the role of Baitu'I Hikmat in the growth of philosophy and sciences.

UNIT-6

Society and Culture: Social life; development of jurisprudence; mystical spirit in Islam and the mystic movement.

UNIT-7

The development of art and architecture

UNIT-8

Trade and Industry: foreign trade; unified currency; weights and measures; industry and urbanization.

Reading List:

- Aghnides, N.P. Muhammedan Theories of Finance (with an introduction of Muhammedan Law and a Bibliography), Lahore 1961
- Ahmad, Ishtiaq The concept of an Islamic State, London, 1987
- Al-Baladhuri Kitab Futuhal Buldan (The origin of the Islamic State) Eng. Tr. by P.K. Hitti.
- Ali, M. Early Caliphate, London, 1947.
- Ameer, S. Ali Spirit of Islam, London, 1965.
- do- A Short History of the Saracens, London, 1961
- Crone, Patricia Meccan Trade and the Rise of Islam, London 1987
- Dennett, D.C. Conversion and Poll-Tax in Early Islam, Cambridge, 1950.
- Dixon A.A. The Ummayyad Caliphate, London, 1971
- Fyze, A.A.A. Outline of Muhammedan Law, London, 1949
- Hamidullah, M. Introduction to Islam, Lahore, 1968
- Hitti, P.K. History of the Arabs, 1966
- Hussain, Athar The Glorious Caliphs, Lucknow, 1980
- Ibn Ishaq, Sirat Rasul Allah (The Life of Muhammed), Eng. Tr. by A. Guillaume.
- Imamuddin, S.M. Political History of the Muslims, (Prophet and pious Caliphs 570-661 A.D), vol.I, Dacca, 1970.
- Jairajpuri, Aslam Tarikh ul Ummat (Urdu) vols-1 to4
- Khuda Bakhsh Politics in Islam, Lahore, 1954
- Levy, R. The Social Structure in Islam, Cambridge, 1957
- Macdonald, D.B. Development of Muslim Theology, Jurisprudence and Constitutional Theory, Delhi, 1973.
- Nadwi, S. Abul Muhammed Rasul Allah (The Apostle of Mercy

6. Industrialisation

Pre-requisites of industrialisation; transport network; role of technology; growth of financial institutions; entrepreneurship; distinction between state and private enterprise; condition of working class.

UNIT-5

7. United States of America

Pattern of early European settlements; problems faced by the settlers; factors influencing supply of labour; economic growth and regional specialisation; plantation and the slave system; stages of industrialisation; the north-south divide and the Civil War.

UNIT-6

8. Colonialism and Imperialism:

Dynamics behind European Expansion

Early European expansion; founding of colonial empires; the emergence of world economy; stages of expansion; mercantilism, free trade, industrial capital and finance capital.

9. Approaches to the study of Imperialism

Marxist theories: J.A. Hobson, Hilferding, R. Luxemburg, Bukharin, V.I. Lenin; Non-Marxist theories: J.A. Schumpeter, David Landes, R. Robinson and J. Gallagher.

UNIT-7

10. Colonialism in Asia

Stages of British rule in India; Indonesia under Dutch and British colonial rule; Opium Wars and the western imperialist penetration in China.

11. Colonialism in Africa

Important features of British colonial rule in Egypt; the economic impact of British colonial rule in Ghana; the colonial experience in South Africa.

12. Colonialism in Latin America

Economic consequences of the US imperial domination in St. Domingo, Haiti and Mexico.

Reading List

General.

- Eric Wolf
Europe and the People without History.
An Introduction to Contemporary History, Penguin, 1979.
- Fernand Braudel
Capitalism and Material Life, 1400-1800, New York, 1973
Cambridge Economic History of Europe, Vol. V & VI
Peasants, Landlords and Merchant Capitalists
Cambridge, 1983.
- Peter Kriedte,
The Early Modern European Economy, New York 1999.
- Peter Murgrave,
Transition to Capitalism in Early Modern Europe, Cambridge, 1997
- Roberts. Duplassis,
Before the Industrial Revolution: European Society and Economy, 1000-1700.
- Carlo M. Cipolla,
Feudal Society, Vol. I, London, 1961.
- UNIT-1
Maurice Dobb,
Studies in the Development of Capitalism, London 1972.
- Rodney Hilton, ed.,
The Transition from Feudalism to Capitalism
London, 1978.
- T.H. Ashton and
The Brenner Debate, Cambridge, 1987.
- C.H. Philip (eds),
Economic Expansion and Social Change 1500-1700, Cambridge, 1984.
- G.A. Clay,
The Making of Bourgeois Europe, London, 1991
- Colin Moores,
- UNIT-2
Patricia Croot and
'Agrarian Class Structure and Economic Development', Past and Present, No. 78, 1978.
- David Parker,
European Peasants and Their Markets,
Princeton, 1975
- WN Parker and
The Modern World System: Capitalist
- E. L Jones (eds.,)
Agriculture and the Origins of the European War
- Immanuel
Wallerstein,

P-7 : TRENDS IN HISTORIOGRAPHY

UNIT-1

1. Positivism
2. Marxism and Marxist history writing

UNIT-2

3. The Annales: moving towards structure and processes
4. Structuralism

UNIT-3

5. Return of the Narrative
6. Post-Modernism
7. Feminism
8. Quantitative History.

UNIT-4

9. Perspectives on Indian History
10. Changing Trends in Historical research: Class, Culture, Gender, Language, Environment, Demography, Oral History, Medicine, Micro - History and Ethno-History.
11. Debates in History-Representative study of at least three major debates in the Indian history.

Reading List

- Bloch, Marc, *The Historian's Craft*, New York, 1953.
Braudel, F., *On History*, Chicago, 1980.
Burke, Peter, *History and Social Theory*, Cambridge, 1992.
Carr, E.H., *What is History*, London, 1987
Chartier, Roger, *Cultural History*, Cambridge, 1988.
Clifford, J. and George Marcus (ed.) *Writing Culture: The Poetics and Politics of Ethnography*, California, 1986.
Cohen, G.A., *Karl Marx's Theory of History: A Defence*, Oxford, 1978.
Collingwood, R.G., *The Idea of History*, London 1946
Eco, Umberto, *Interpretation and Overinterpretation*, Cambridge

- University Press, Cambridge, 1992.
Foucault, Michel, *The Archaeology of Knowledge*, New York, 1972.
Hobsbawm, E.J., *On History*, London, 1997.
Jones, G.S., "History as Poverty of Empiricism" Robin Blackburn (ed.) *Ideology in Social Science*, Fontana, 1972.
Keith, Jenkins, *What is History? From Carr and Elton to Rorty and White*, London, 1995.
Ladurie, E.L.R., *The Territory of Historians*, Sussex, 1979.
Le, Goff, J. and Pierre Nora (eds.) *Constructing the Past: Essays in Historical Methodology*.
Stern, Fritz, (ed.) *The Varieties of History*, New York, 1973.
Stone, L. "Revival of the Narrative", *Past and Present*, No. 85, 1979.
Tholfsen, T.R., *Historical Thinking*, New York 1967.
Vansina, J., *Oral Tradition as History*, London, 1985.
Villar, Pierre, "Marxist History", *New Left Review*, 80, July-August 1973
White, Hayden, "The Value of Narrativity in the Representation of Reality", *Critical Inquiry*, 7. 1984.
Williams, Raymond, *Marxism and Literature*, London, 1977.

Reading List

- A. W. Van Den Hoek, D. H. A. Kolff and M. S. Oort, eds, *Ritual, State and History in South Asia*, Essays in Honour of J. C. Heesterman, Leiden, New York, Köln, 1992.
- Abraham, Meera: *Two Medieval Guilds of South India*, New Delhi, 1988
- Chattopadhyaya, B.D., *Representing the Other? Sanskrit Sources and the Muslims*, Delhi, Manohar, 1998
- Eaton, R., *The Rise of Islam and the Bengal Frontier, 1204-1760*, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1994.
- Chakravarti Kunal, *The Religious Process, The Puranas and the Making of a Regional Tradition*, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1999.
- Champakalakshmi, R., and S. Gopal (eds), *Tradition, Dissent and Ideology, Essays in Honour of Romila Thapar*, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1996
- Champakalakshmi, R. *Trade Ideology and Urbanization in South India 300 BC to AD 1300*, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1996.
- Chattopadhyaya B. D. *The Making of Early Medieval India*, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1994,
- Elliot, H. M., and I. Dowson, *The History of India as told by its own Historians, Vol. I and II*, Allahabad, rpt.
- Eschmann, Anncharlott, Herman Kulke and G.C. Tripathi (eds), *The Cult of Jagannatha and the Regional Tradition of Orissa*, New Delhi, Manohar, 1978.
- Guha, Amalendu (ed.) *Central Asia, Movement of Peoples and Ideas from Times Prehistoric to Modern*, New Delhi, Indian Council for Cultural Relations, 1970.
- Hall Kenneth, *Trade and Statecraft in the Age of the Colas*, New Delhi, Abhinav Publications, 1980.
- Hetzmann J., *Gifts of Power, Lordship in an Early Indian State*, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1997.
- Jha, D.N., (ed.) *Feudal Social Formation in Early India*, New Delhi, Chanakya Publications, 1987.
- (ed.) *Society and Ideology in India. Essays in Honour of R. S. Sharma*, New Delhi, Munshiram Manoharlal, 1986.
- (ed.) *The Feudal Order*, New Delhi, Manohar, 2000.
- Karashima, N., *South Indian History and Society, Studies from Inscriptions*, AD 850-1800, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1984.

- Kulke, Hermann, *The State in India 1000-1700*, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1995.
- Mahalingam, T. V., *South Indian Polity*, Madras, 1955.
- Majumdar, R.C. (ed.) *The Classical Age*, Vol. 3, *The History and Culture of the Indian people*, Bombay, 2nd edn, 1964.
- : *The Age of Imperial Kanauj*, Vol. 4, *The History and Culture of the Indian People*, Bombay, 2nd edn, 1964.
- Mill, James, *The History of British India*, Vol. I Delhi, 1817. rpt., 197
- Nilkanta Sastri, K.A., *A History of South India, From Earliest Times* Vijayanagar, Madras, Oxford University Press, 1958.
- The Colas*, University of Madras, Rpt., 1975
- Ramaswamy, Vijaya, *Textiles and Weavers in Medieval South India*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1985.
- Sharma, Arvind, *Studies in Alberuni's India*, Weisbaden, 1983.
- Sharma, R.S., *Early Medieval Indian Society, A Study in Feudalisation* New Delhi, Orient Longman, 2001.
- Indian Feudalism*, Calcutta, University of Calcutta, 196
- Urban Decay in India c. 300 to c. 1000*, New Delhi, Munshiram Manoharlal, 1987.
- Spencer, G.W., *The Politics of Expansions, The Cola Conquest of Sri Lanka and Sri Vijaya*, Madras, New Era, 1983.
- Stein, Burton, *Peasant State and Society in Medieval South India*, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1980.
- Stein, M.A.: *Kalhana's Rajatarangini, A Chronicle of the Kings of Kashmir*, Pt. I, Delhi, rpt, 1971,
- Thapar, Romila: *Interpreting Early India*, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1994.
- Veluthat, Kesavan, *The Political Structure of Early Medieval South India* New Delhi, Orient Longman, 1993.
- Wink, Andre, *Al-Hind, The Making of the Indo-Islamic World*, Vol. I Vol. 2, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1999.
- Select Articles will be recommended in the course of teaching.

JAMIA MILLIA ISLAMIA

Jamia Millia Islamia was founded at Aligarh in 1920 during the Khilafat and Non-Cooperation Movements in response to Gandhiji's call to boycott government-supported educational institutions. Among those who enthusiastically responded to this call were Shaikhul Hind Maulana Mahmud Hasan, Maulana Mohammad Ali, Hakim Ajmal Khan, Dr. Mukhtar Ahmad Ansari, Abdul Majeed Khwaja and Dr. Zakir Hussain. These eminent personalities, along with some others, founded the Jamia Millia Islamia. They nurtured it through the changing vicissitudes of history at great personal risk and inconvenience.

Jamia Millia moved from Aligarh to Delhi in 1925. Since then, it has been continuously growing, always refurbishing its methods, and branching out from time to time to meet new needs. True to the ideals of its founders, it has over the years, tried to integrate the physical and mental development of its students.

Jamia Millia reflects the original concern of its founders which was to encourage the indigenous roots of education. It has cherished and has continued to encourage critical appreciation of the country's history and culture and also the history of Islam with its rich cultural and intellectual traditions. It seeks to foster a national and cosmopolitan perspective in its academic programmes and co-curricular activities. Like other universities, Jamia has kept itself abreast with developments in education, social sciences, natural sciences and technology. In recent years, there has been significant progress in the variety of courses offered, such as Engineering, Commerce, Fine Arts, Mass Communication, Information Technology and Extension Education. Institutions like the Academic Staff College and the Third World Studies have been started.

The medium of instruction in Jamia Millia Islamia is Urdu, English and Hindi.

The objects of the University are to disseminate advanced knowledge and provide instructional, research and extension facilities in various branches of learning. The University endeavours to provide the students and teachers with the necessary atmosphere and facilities for the promotion of:

- (i) innovation in education leading to the restructuring of courses, new methods of teaching and learning, and integrated development of personality;
- (ii) studies in various disciplines;
- (iii) inter-disciplinary studies; and
- (iv) national integration, secularism and international understanding.

Prof. S. Inayat A. Zaidi
Head of Department

M.A.

The two year Post-graduate course has special emphasis on Medieval and Modern Indian history. M.A. students have to appear in four papers in M.A. Previous, and four papers in M.A. Final. There will be 85 lectures per course. The students will also have to submit written assignments in all the papers by the end of February and appear for a viva-voce examination at the end of each year.

Allocation of marks: 400 marks for written papers, 60 marks for written assignments, 40 marks for viva-voce examination. Maximum marks in each year = 500.

Note: (i) Private candidates are not required to submit assignments and in their case the maximum marks each year will be 440.

(ii) They are required to get their examination form forwarded by the Head, Department of History, before submitting it in the office of the Controller of Examinations.

M.A. FINAL

Students have to choose either Option A or Option B

Option A - Medieval India

Students have to offer four of the following courses. Two papers, F2 and F3 are compulsory.

- F-1 State, People and Culture in India 1200-1750
- F-2 The Indian State and economy 1200-1707
- F-3 History of the Mughals 1526-1707
- F-4 Art and Architecture in Medieval India
- F-5 Medieval Indian Historiography
- F-6 The Eighteenth Century in India.
- F-7 Gender Relations in Indian History 1200-1900
- F-8 Historical Demography in India 1556-1981

Option B - Modern India

Students have to offer any four of the following courses. No paper is compulsory.

- F-6 The Eighteenth Century in India S 2
- F-7 Gender Relations in Indian History 1200-1900 R M
- F-8 Historical Demography in India 1556-1981. R N
- F-9 The Economic History of India 1800-1964 R K
- F-10 Social History of India 1800-1960
- F-11 Agrarian Movements and uprisings 1838-1951
- F-12 Indian Nationalism and Political Processes 1875-1956 R & P Processes

F-1: STATE, PEOPLE AND CULTURE IN INDIA 1200-1750

UNIT-1

1. (i) Primitive Societies; tribalism to religion; religious conflicts; emergence of state: religious and secular ideology; materialism v/s. spiritualism.
- (ii) Survey of socio-cultural trends in Indian society till the establishment of Delhi sultanate.

UNIT-2

2. (i) State: Orthodoxy and liberalism-theoretical status of Brahman and ulema in the society; orthodox ulema; Differences between orthodox ulema and state; causes of differences.
- (ii) Sufis and Indian Society: various Silsilahs and their different outlook; conflicting trends between the Chishti and the Suhrawardi; environmental role for the different trends, over-emphasis on spiritualism: Is it deterrent to progressive growth in the society? Debate on *tarwakkul* and *kash*.
- (iii) Indigenous socio-religious responses, monotheistic ideology; traditionalists: Tulsī and Sur, Alavars and Nayanars in South; Radical or non conformist Mira Bai: is it a repulsive voice against conservative feudal Rajput society?

UNIT-3

3. Muslim sects: an anti thesis of Milli or Umma unity
- (i) Reactionary Mahdavis: the philosophy, religious puritanism, causes of rise and fall of the movement in India.
- (ii) Non-conformist Raushanyas; social and religious base of the Raushanyas; Raushanya philosophy; conflict between the state and the Raushanyas.
- (iii) Lesser-known sects: the Nuqtavis; the Hurfis; the Zikris; the Ilahis; the Israqis.

UNIT-4

4. State and its definite direction to the socio-religious trends in the 16th and 17th Century
- (i) Akbar: from traditional conservative to rational and progressive vision; resistance from Shaikh Ahmad Sirhindi representing sunni orthodox; Nurullah Shushiri representing shia orthodox-a threat to the state; consequences.
- (ii) Dara Shikoh's attempt to create oneness of two cultures; assertion of orthodoxy under Aurangzeb; consequences.

UNIT-5

5. Religious conversions
- (i) Different explanations of conversion to Islam; sufis and conversion.
- (ii) Christian missionaries and conversion.
- (iii) role of State; converts and their cultures.

UNIT-6

6. Social Classes
- Their role in the process of production and share in the wealth; royal families; nobles; zamindars; the middle classes-representatives of his cultural life; ordinary people and their little cultures.

UNIT-7

7. Gender in history
- Women from tribal to religious societies; creation of gender bias; women in religious literatures; subordination to men; power; commodity status in the society; women in politics; literacy and learning; role of women in family and society; ordinary women's contribution to family labour and economy; women and creation of culture; women in folklores and literatures.

UNIT-8

8. Education
- social significance of education and religion as inseparable twins in Islamic Muslim societies; state and education; state as funding agency; a social

F-2: STATE AND ECONOMY IN INDIA 1200-1707

(There will be a compulsory question on map).

UNIT -1

1. Continuity and Change in the Economy during the Sultanate Delhi
Economy and the caste system during the pre-Sultanate period; introduction of new techniques and emergence and formation of professional castes; commodity production; expansion of trade urbanization.

UNIT-2

2. Technological Changes from the 13th to the 17th century
 - a. Techniques either indigenous or foreign during the 13th and 14th Century.
 - b. Techniques diffused in Mughal India.
 - c. Techniques innovated in Europe in 1500; responses to these in India.

UNIT-3

3. Agrarian Economy and the State
Nature of land rights in Mughal India:
Ownership of land; views of the contemporary officials, Euro-Asian travellers and British administrators on land ownership in Mughal India.
4. The Village and the Village Community
Classification of villages; settlement pattern; the village community; its interpretation by early British officials; Indian village community; the theory of Asiatic Mode of Production.
5. Agriculture and Non-Agricultural Production
Extent of cultivation and land utilization; means of irrigation; crops and crop patterns; agricultural manufactures; trade; agricultural production and the artisans; Karkhanas.
6. Material Condition of Peasantry
Origin and stratification; general description of peasant life in pre-Mughal provinces; famines and the peasantry; crisis of the agrarian economy and description of various peasant revolts.

Historical background of the Monotheistic Movement in the 15th century, paper read in the Seminar on Ideas in Medieval India, November, 1965, University of Delhi.

Social and Economic change in Northern India (1200-1500); Seminar, Kurukshetra University, 1981.

'The Peasant in Indian History,' General Presidential Address, IHC, 1982.

Theories of social change in South Asia, The Journal of Social Studies, N. 33, Dacca.

The Mughal Empire and Islam: A study of Jahangir's views and policy, IHC, 1980.

Ideas on Kasb in South Asian sufism (mainly 14th century), IHR, Vol.xvii, n. 1-2, July 1990-Jan. 1991.

The Nobility under Akbar and the Development of his Religious Policy, 1560-80, Journal of Royal Asiatic Society, 1968.

The Middle Classes in Mughal Empire, IHC, 1975.

Shaikh Abdul Quddus Gangohi's Relations with the political authorities, Medieval India-A Miscellany. Vol. IV, Aligarh.

The Ideology of Bhakti Movement: The Case of Dadu Dayal, in History and Society, ed., D. Chattopadhyaya.

"Mira Bai and the Spiritual Economy of Bhakti," Occasional Papers on History and Society, Nehru Memorial Museum and Library, N. Delhi, Second series, N. xxviii, 1990.

Murids of Shaikh Nizamuddin Auliya-A Study in their Social Status and Background, IHC, 1980.

Precepts and Paradox- the Chishti Attitude towards Social labour, IHC, 1986.

Conversion to Islam and formation of castes in medieval Rajasthan, in Festschrift volume of Prof. Nurul Hasan, Art and culture, Jaipur, 1993.

-do-

-do-

-do-

-do-

Hussain, Afzal

Islam, Riazzul

Khan, Iqidar Alam

-do-

-do-

Mukhia, Harbans,

Sangari, Kurkum,

Zilli, LA.

-do-

Zaidi, S. Inayet A. & Conversion to Islam and formation of castes

Zaidi, Sunita in medieval Rajasthan, in Festschrift volume of Prof. Nurul Hasan, Art and culture, Jaipur, 1993.

of controlling intelligentsia; education as a source of employment; syllabus and curriculum; secular trends.

UNIT-9

9. Formation of Indo-Muslim Art and Architecture

(i) Painting

Central Asian, Persian and Christian influence; insertion of new trends under Akbar; Jahangir's miniature paintings; material culture through paintings, social milieu of painters.

(ii) Architecture

Delhi Sultans' buildings; introduction of new construction material; specialized professionals and formation of new castes: chungar, silawat, Rajmistri; special architectural features during the period; symbol of political supremacy and legitimacy through splendour buildings.

UNIT-10

10. Conclusions

Process of social changes; various theories of social changes; theory of sanskritization and its anti thesis; perception of Indian social structure from Hegel to Karl Marx; Louis Dumont's concept of social purity and pollution of caste..

Reading List

- Ashraf, K.M. Life and Conditions of the People of Hindustan, New Delhi, 1970.
- Asher, Catherine B. Architecture of Mughal India, OUP, 1992.
- Athar Ali Mughal Nobility under Aurangzeb, 1968.
- Boxer, C.R. Portuguese Seaborne Empire, 1415-1825, 1973.
- Brown, Percy Indian Architecture (Islamic Period): 1956.
- Eaton, Richard Sufis of Bijapur, 1300-1700, 1978.
- do- Rise of Islam and the Bengal Frontier 1204-1760, 1994.
- Friedman, Yohanan Shaikh Ahmad Sirhindi: An Outline of his thought and a study of his image in the eyes of posterity, 1971.
- Habib, Irfan (ed.) Akbar and His Age, O.U.P., 1997.
- Mujeeb, M. The Indian Muslims, 1967.

Upholding the Common life: the community of Mumtaz Bai, Delhi, 1994.

Some Aspects of Religion and Politics in India during the thirteenth century, 1974.

Akbar and Religion, Delhi, 1989.

Religion in South Asia: religious conversion and revival movements in South Asia in medieval and modern times, ed. 2, 1991

The Cambridge Economic History of India, Vol. I, 1982.

Muslim Revivalist Movements in Northern India in the 16th and 17th centuries, 1965.

The Religious Policy of the Mughal Emperors, 194

Bhakti and the Bhakti Movement: A New Perspective, Delhi, 1987.

Tulsi, Sur Samaj aur Sanskriti (Hindi), 1977

Influence of Islam on Indian Culture, 1963.

Society and State in the Mughal Period, 1979.

Kabir, 1974.

Society and Culture in Northern India in the century, 1973.

Articles

Aggarwal, Pratap C.

Changing Religious practices, their relation to secular power in a Rajasthan village, Economic Political Weekly, 4, (12) 1969, pp 547-553.

Akbar and Islam, IHC, 1976.

Religion and Medieval Indian Politics: Some Reflections in Medieval India-A Miscellany, IV, Aligarh.

Element of Social Justice in Medieval Islamic Thought, IHC Symposia Paper, 1996.

Political Role of Shaikh Ahmad Sirhindi and Wali Ullah, IHC, 1960, Enquiry, 1961.

Mukta, Parita

Nizami, K.A.

-do-

Oddie, G.A. (ed)

Raychaudhuri I,

and Habib, Irfan (ed).

Rizvi, Athar Abbas

Sharma S.R.,

Sharma, Krishna

Shobha, Savitri

Chandra,

Tara Chand,

-do-

Vaudeville,

Charlotte, ed.

Yadav. B.N.S.,

Habib, Irfan

7. Agrarian Relations and Land Revenue System

Magnitude of land revenue; methods of assessment and collection of land revenue; other agricultural taxes; land revenue administration; ijara system; the jagirdars; the zamindars and their relations with the peasants.

UNIT 4

8. Trade, Commerce and Monetary System

- (i) Inland trade, Monetary System and Commercial Organizations:
Long distance trade and local trade; means of transportation; bills of exchange (hundis); banking system; usury and rates of exchange; merchants and brokers.
- (ii) Foreign Trade in Mughal India
European trade with India: (i) Portuguese (ii) Dutch (iii) French and (iv) British; Indian merchants and the trade in the Indian Ocean.
- (iii) Potentialities of Capitalist Growth
Assessment of the Debate.

UNIT -5

9. Map: Identification and Notes

- (i) (A) Kingdoms of Jaunpur and Malwa
(B) Geo-political boundary of the Sultanate in 1526 AD
(C) Geo-Political boundary of the Mughal Empire in 1556 AD
(D) Geo-Political boundary of the Mughal Empire in 1707 AD
- (ii)(A) Important Cities and Towns
Ajmer, Delhi, Jaunpur, Kol, Nagaur, Lakhnauti, Multan, Mandu, Thatta, Patna, Banaras, Kabul, Burhanpur
- (B) Important ports
Surat, Ahmedabad, Hughli, Cambay, Lahari Bandar.
- (C) Important trade routes
Delhi to Multan; Agra to Lahore; Agra to Surat; Agra to Burhanpur; Delhi to Patna; Ahmedabad to Thatta; Agra to Allahabad; Agra to Thatta.

Reading List

- Arasratnam, S. Maritime Trade in the Seventeenth Century, 1994.
Chandra, Satish Medieval India: Society, the Jagirdari Crisis and the Village. 1982.
- Chaudhuri, K.N. Asia Before Europe: Europe and Civilization of the Indian Ocean from the Rise of Islam to 1750, 1990.
- Chicherov, A.I. Indian Economic Development in the Sixteenth to Eighteenth Centuries: Outline History of Crafts and Trade, 1971.
Gupta, S.P. The Agrarian System of Eastern Rajasthan (c. 1650-1750 AD), 1987.
- Habib, Irfan Agrarian System of Mughal India, 1963.
----- Atlas of the Mughal Empire, 1982.
----- Essays in Indian History: Towards a Marxist Perception. 1995.
- ed., Akbar and His Age. 1997.
- Moosvi, Shireen. The Economy of the Mughal Empire, c. 1595: a Statistical Study, 1987.
- Moreland, W.H. From Akbar to Aurangzeb: A Study in Indian Economic History, 1923.
- India at the Death of Akbar, London. 1920.
- Naqvi, H.K. Urban Centers and Industries in Upper India (1556-1803) 1960.
- Urbanization and Urban Centers under the Great Mughals Simla, 1972.
- Pearson, M.N. Merchants and Rulers in Gujarat, 1976.
Qaiser, A.J. Indian Response to European Technology and Culture, 1498-1707, 1982.

- Richards, John. F. *The Mughal Empire, The New Cambridge History of India*, 1993.
- Raychaudhuri, T. and Irfan Habib ed., *The Cambridge Economic History of India*, Vol I. 1200-1750, 1982.
- Dale, Stephen F. *Indian merchants and Eurasian Trade, 1000-1750 AD*, 1994.
- Siddiqui, I.H. *Perso-Arabic Sources of Information on the Life and Conditions in the Sultanate of Delhi*, 1992.
- Mathew, K.S. *Studies in Maritime History*, 1990.
- Cipolla, C.M. *Between History and Economics: An Introduction to Economic History*, 1991.
- Thakur, Vijay Kumar and Avushuman, Ashok ed., *Peasants in Indian History*, I. *Theoretical Issues and Structural Enquiries*, 1996.
- Articles:
- Andre Gunder Frank. 'India in the World Economy. 1490-1750 AD Economic and Political Weekly, Vol. XXXI, no.30.
- Athar Ali, M. 'The Agrarian Legacy of the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Centuries. Presidential Address, Presented to the Association for Asian Studies, San Francisco, 1983.
- Grover, B.R. 'Nature of Land Rights in Mughal Indian History', I.E.S.H.R., Vol I, Pt.I, 1963.
- Habib, Irfan 'Economic History of the Delhi Sultanate-An Essay in Interpretation', *Indian Historical Review*, 1978.
- 'Social and Economic Change in Northern India (1200-1500 AD)'. Seminar, Kurukshetra University 1981.
- 'Social Distribution of Landed Property in pre-British India in R.S. Sharma ed., *Indian Society, Historical Probing*s.
- 'Technology and Society in Mughal India' Symposium at Tokyo, 1980.
- 'Change in Technology in Medieval India.' *Studies in History*. Vol. II, No. I.
- Presidential Address, Medieval Indian Section, *Indian History Congress*, 1969.
- Presidential Address, *Indian History Congress*, Mysore 1993.
- Moosvi, Shireen 'Economic Change in the Seventeenth Century-1 Quantitative Approach, *Indian History Congress*, Mysore, 1993.
- Qaiser, A. Jan 'Brokers in Medieval India,' *Indian Historical Review* 1975.
- Sharma, G.D. 'Vyaparis and Mahajans in Western Rajasthan During the Eighteenth Century,' *Indian History Congress*, Bombay, 1982.
- White, Lynn 'Tibet, India and Malaya as Sources of Western Medieval Technology, *American Historical Review*, LXV.
- Yadava, B.N.S. Presidential Address, *Ancient Indian History Section: Indian History Congress*, 1980.

E-3: HISTORY OF THE MUGHALS 1526-1707

UNIT-1

1. Establishment of Mughal empire in North India and its significance
Babur's conquest of Hindustan and his contribution; Humayun's struggle for empire; his difficulties; relations with Bahadur Shah, Sher Shah and Kamran; Mughal theory of Kingship.

UNIT-2

2. Rise of Surs and founding of the second Afghan empire
Stages of Sher Shah Suri's rise to power; the Sur administration.

UNIT-3

3. Consolidation of Mughal rule (1556-1605)
Akbar's Period of "Regency"; his struggle with nobility, relations with the ulema and lauded aristocracy; administrative reforms.
4. Akbar and Religion
Growth and development of Akbar's religious policy; theories and debates.

UNIT-4

5. Expansion of the Mughal Empire (Akbar to Shahjahan)
Conquests of Malwa, Rajputana, Gujarat, Bengal, Khandesh and Ahmadnagar.

UNIT-5

6. Political development under Jahangir and Shahjahan
Issues involved in accession of Jahangir, role of Nurjahan's family; character and composition of nobility; War of Succession.
7. Political development under Aurangzeb
Problems at the time of accession; eastward expansion, nature of resistance to Mughal expansion and rule in Assam, Jat, Sikh, and Satnami revolts; Aurangzeb's attitude towards religion; his concept of sovereignty; Rathor rebellion-causes and effects.

8. Mughals and the North West Frontier

Determinants of Akbar's policy towards the north-west frontier; conquests of Afghanistan, Kashmir, Baluchistan and Sindh; problems of keeping peace in the frontier region (1582-1707).

9. Mughal Policy towards the Deccan

The Deccan "Problem": Akbar's policy towards the Deccan kingdoms; phases of conquests of the Deccan under the "Great Mughals"; rise of the Marathas; impact of Deccan and the fortunes of the Mughal empire.

UNIT-6

10. Mughal Relations with Iran and Central Asia

Nature of relations with Iran; Problem of Qandhar; relations with Central Asian Powers and expedition to Balkh and Badakhshan; their objectives and results.

UNIT-7

11. Mughal Administration

Central structure; provincial administration; Army; Jagirdari and mansabdari system.

UNIT-8

12. Theories of the decline of Mughal Empire.

UNIT-9

13. Official and non-official chronicles; Babur Nama; Tuzk-i-Jahangiri; Akbar Nama; Muntakhabul-Lubab; Shah Jahan Nama; Mevasir-i-Akbargiri.

Reading List

Abdul Aziz, Mansabdari System and the Mughal Army, (1955).
Eng. tr. Blochmann, Books I, II and III, 1965.
Ain-i-Akbari, tr. Beveridge, vols. II and III. 1972.
Akbar Nama, tr. Beveridge.
Babur Nama, Extracts tr. in Elliot & Dowson, vol. VI, pp. 1-100 (1964).
Badshah Nama, History of Jahangir, 1962.

- Bernier, F. Travels in the Mughal Empire, tr. (Indian Reprint, 1891)
- Hasan, Mohibbul, Babur : The founder of the Mughal Empire, (1986)
- Ibn-i-Hasan, Central Structure of the Mughal Empire, (1957)
- Ishwari Prasad, Life and times of Humayun. (1965)
- Islam, Riyazul, Indo-Persian Relations, (1970)
- Khan, Ahsan Raza, Chieftains in the Mughal Empire during the reign of Akbar, (Simla, 1977)
- Khan Iqtidar Alam, Mirza Kamran, (1964)
- do- Political Biography of a Mughal Noble-Munim Khan Khan-i- Khanan.
- Khan, Saqi Mustaid, Ma' asir-i-Alamgiri, Eng. tr. by J.N. Sarkar. (1947)
- Qanungo. K.R., Sher Shah and His Times, (Calcutta, 1965)
- Saksena. B.P. History of Shahjahan of Delhi, 1968.
- Saran, P. The Provincial Government of the Mughals, 1526-1658. (Bombay, 1973)
- Sarkar, J.N., Short History of Aurangzeb, 1618-1707, (1954)
- Siddiqui, I.H. History of Sher Shah Suri, (1971)
- Smith, V.A., Akbar the Great Mughal, (1962)
- Tripathi R.P. Rise and Fall of the Mughal Empire, (1960)
- do- Some Aspects of Muslim administration.
- Athar Ali, Mughal nobility under Aurangzeb.
- S.R., Sharma, Religious policies of the Mughal Emperors.
- Iqtidar Alam Khan, The nobility under Akbar and the development of his religious policy, 1560-80.
- Mohibbul Hasan, Historians of medieval India.
- J.N. Sarkar, Shivaji and his times.
- do- Mughal administration.
- Andre Wink, Land and sovereignty in India
- Jagdish Sarkar, Mughal Polity.
- Doughlas E. The formation of the Mughal empire
- Streusand,
- A.J. Saiyid, Aurangzeb in Muntekhab-ul-Lubab
- I.H. Qureshi, Ulema in Politics.
- S.R. Sharma, The Crescent in India
- Rita Joshi, The Afghan nobility and the Mughals
- Neeru Misra, Succession and imperial leadership among the Mughals,
- Muzaffar Alam, The Crisis of empire in Mughal north India.
- Articles
- I.A. Khan, The Turko-Mongol theory of kingship
- Mansoori Hyder, The sovereign in the Timurid state
- Athar Ali, Religious issue in the war of succession
- do- Causes of the Rathor rebellion of 1679.
- Satish Chandra, Jizya and the State in India during the 17th cent
- S. Noorul Hasan, The Mahzar of Akbar's reign.

E-4 ART AND ARCHITECTURE IN MEDIEVAL INDIA

- UNIT-1**
1. Architecture: evolution; characteristics and types; Architecture as a source of history.
- UNIT-2**
2. Basic Features of Indian, Persian and Central Asian architecture; The Qutb complex; Attempts of assimilation; development of calligraphy; The Khaljis; Development of arch and dome.
- UNIT-3**
3. (i) New trends in architecture under Tughluqs: emphasis on architectural elements, forts, mosques, tombs and madrasas;
(ii) Structural changes in the mosque and tomb architecture under the Saiyids and Lodis.
- UNIT-4**
4 (i) Architecture under the Mughals: basic aspects; functions, techniques and Aesthetics.
(ii) The Age of Akbar: Synthesis and novelty; Humayun's tomb; Agra fort; the Fatehpur Sikri complex.
(iii) Transition from red sandstone to marble- Akbar's Tomb at Sikandra and Itimadud Daula's tomb.
- UNIT-5**
5. The era of marble-Changes in architectural elements-style, arch, dome, minarets and decorations; perfection in architectural schemes: Jama Mosque, Red fort and The Taj; the zenith of Indo-Persian architecture.
- UNIT-6**
6. Regional variations and the development of provincial architecture- Jaunpur, Golkunda, Bengal, Gujarat and Rajasthan.

UNIT-7

7. Painting; evolution, characteristics and types; painting as a source of history; development of painting under the Mughals; miniature portraiture, mural and book illustration-Indian and European.

UNIT-8

8. Regional variation: Rajput paintings, Pahari, Sikh.

Reading List

- | | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Percy Brown | Indian Architecture (Islamic Period) |
| James Fergusson | History of Indian and Eastern Architecture, Vol. Book VII, 1972. |
| E.B. Havell | Indian Architecture through the Ages, Chapter X 1978. |
| Martin Hurlimann | Delhi, Agra, Fatehpur Sikri, 1965. |
| R. Nath | Some Aspects of Mughal Architecture, 1976 |
| -do- | History of Mughal Architecture, 1985 |
| -do- | The Immortal Taj, 1972 |
| S.A.A. Rizvi | Fatehpur Sikri, Delhi, 1972. |
| E.W. Smith | The Mughal Architecture of Fatehpur Sikri Ahmadabad, 1988. |
| Derek Hill & Ofeg Graber | Islamic Architecture and its Decoration, 1964 |
| W.Begley & Z.A. Desai | Taj Mahal |
| Satish Grover | The Architecture of India (Islamic), 1981 |
| Amit Varma | Forts of India, 1985 |
| K.V. Soundara Rajan | Islam Builds in India, 1983 |
| Catherine B. Asher | Architecture of Mughal India, 1992. |
| Ebba Koch | Mughal Architecture |
| Michael Brand and Glenn D. Lowry | Fatehpur Sikri: A Source Book |
| Verma, Som Prakash | Mughal Painters and their work A Biographic Survey, 1994. |
| Percy Brown | Mughal Painting |

S

a

F-5: MEDIEVAL INDIAN HISTORIOGRAPHY

UNIT-1

1. Preliminary

What is history; historians and facts; historical causation; objectivity; imagination.

2. Background for medieval Indian historiography

Arab and Persian traditions of history writing and their impact on medieval Indian historiography; Indian Tradition; Rajatarangini

UNIT-2

Development of Persian history-writing in India during the 13th and 14th Century

Study of the basic framework and assumptions; attitudes and viewpoints of the representative historians of the Sultanate period: Minhaj Siraj, Barani, A'ff, Amir Khusrau and Isami.

UNIT-3

4. Development of the new style of history writing under the Mughals correlation between the ideals of State and the Historians' mind; attitude towards the sources of information; treatment of history and historical causation-a critical assessment of Abul Fazl

The Historians of Afghan power: the works of Mushtaqi and Abbas Khan Sarwani.

UNIT-4

5. Memoirs

contribution of memoirs in the preservation of historical information with special reference to Babur nama, Humayun nama by Gulbadan Begum and Tuzuk-i-Jahangiri.

UNIT-5

6. Regional Historiography

Main characteristics of regional historiography during the medieval period with reference to the Tabaqat-i-Akbari by Nizamuddin and Ali Muhammad Khan's Mirat-i-Ahmadi.

UNIT-6

7. Non-official Histories:

Muntakhabut-Tawarikh of Badauni and Muntakhabul-Lubab of Khafi Khan

Readign List

Bloch, Marc, The Historian's Craft. (1954)

Carr, E.H., What is History (London, 1962)

Collingwood, R.C. The idea of History (1963)

Elton, G.R., The Practice of History (1967)

Gustavson, Carl G. A Preface of History (1955)

Hardy, Peter Historians of Medieval India (1960)

Habib, M. and Political Theory of the Delhi Sultanate.

Afsar Khan

Khan, Ali Muhammad

Mirat-i-Ahmadi, English Translation

Hasan, Mohibbul (ed.) Historians of Medieval India (1968)

Mukhia, Harbans Historians and Historiography during the reign of Akbar (1976)

Nizami, K.A.

On History and Historians of Medieval India (1983).

Philips, C.H. (ed)

Historians of India, Pakistan and Ceylon (1967)

Rasul, M.G.

The Origin and Development of Muslim Historiography (1976).

Walsh, W.H.

Introduction to Philosophy of History, (1952)

Sarkar, J.N.

History of History Writing in Medieval India

Blochmann, M.

'Badauni and His works', Journal of Asiatic

Habibullah A. B. M.

Society of Bengal, Vol no. 38, Part 1, 1869

Husain, Mehdi

'Re-evaluation of Literary sources of Pre Mughal History', Islamic Culture, 1951, Vol X

Nizami K.A.,

'A critical study of the sources of Medieval India' (1320-1526), Islamic Culture, 1957.

Do-,

'Persian Historiography under Akbar', Medieval India Quarterly, 1950.

Mukhia, Harbans-

'Abul Fazl-Historian', Dr. Zakir Husain Felicitation Volume.

Akbar's Reign.

Historians and Historians of Medieval India

- Subrata Sen
The Institution of Sradhana in the Dharma Sastra, Calcutta, 1995
- Stephen J. Bose
(ed)
Women Saints in Gaudya Vaishnavism, in Vaisnavi Women and the Worship of Krishna, Delhi, 1966
- Sunita Zaidi
Women or Muslim Women in Medieval India, in Muslim Women in India (ed) Hajra Kumar, Aakar Publishers, Delhi 2002
- Sunita Zaidi
Woman: A Symbol of Cultural Subordination, paper presented to the International Seminar on Culture, Economy and Social Change in Medieval India, 12th-17th Century, Centre of Advanced Studies in History, AMU, Aligarh, 5-7 January, 2002
- Chapman, E.F.
Sketches of some distinguished Indian women, London, 1891
- Chandra, Sudhir
Enslaved Daughters: Colonialism, Law and Women's rights, Delhi, 1998.
- Chakravarti, U.
Rewriting History: The Life and Times of Pandita Ramabai, Delhi, 1998.
- Chatterjee, I.
Gender, Law and Slavery in Colonial India, Delhi, 1999.
- Agarwal, B.
A Field of one's own: Gender and Land Rights in South Asia, Cambridge, 1994.
- Goody, J.
The Oriental, the African and the primitive systems of marriage and family in pre-Industrial Societies of Eurasia, Cambridge, 1990.
- Mckie, L., Bowiby, S. and Gregory, S. (eds.)
Gender, Power and the Household, London, 1999.
- Nair, J.
Women and Law in Colonial India: A Social History, Delhi, 1996.
- Irfan Habib
'Inside and outside the systems - change and Innovation in Medical and surgical practice in Mughal India, Indian History Congress, Kolkata, 2001.
- David Arnold
Imperial Medicine and Indigenous Societies, OUP, 1989.
- F. Engels
The Origin of the Family, Private Property and the State, Progress Pub., U.S.S.R., 194
- Julia Leslie and Mary Mc Gee (eds.)
Invented Identities: The Interplay of Gender, Religion and Politics in India O.U.P., 2000.
- Malvika Kasturi
Embattled Identities (Rajput Lineages and the Colonial State in nineteenth century north India), O.U.P., 2002.
- Chandra, Moti Neville, Pran
World of Courtesans, New Delhi, 1973
- Charu Gupta
Nautch Girls of India: Dancers, Singer-Playmates, New Delhi, 1996.
- Geraldine Forbes
Sexuality, Obscenity and the Hindu public i Colonial India, Permanent Black, 2001.
- Gail Minault
Women in Modern India, New Delhi, 1995
- L. Doyal, S. Rowbotham and A. Scott (eds.)
Seccluded Scholars: Women's Education an Muslim Social Reform in Colonial India: OUP, 1998.
- Charlotte Vaudeville
A History of Women Midwives and Nurse Witches, Healers. London, 1976.
- Lata Mani
Myths, Saints and Legends in Medieval India OUP, 1996.
- Contentious Traditions: The debate on Sati OUP, 1999.

UNIT-5

5. Women, Men and Education:

- (i) Oppression, discrimination and exploitation
- (ii) Women and intellectual developments:
Gulbadan Begum, Jahan Ara Begum, Satiunnisa, Rokeya Hossain,
Maulana Ashraf Ali Thanawi's Bihishti zewar.

UNIT-6

6. Gender and Religion:

- (i) Status in various religions; practical position.
- (ii) Sufi and Bhakti Saints- women saints: Lalla, Mira Bai, Ratna Bai,
Gangasati,

UNIT-7

7. Women and Health:

- (i) female foeticide, female Infanticide
- (ii) access to health services
- (iii) socio-cultural constraints

UNIT-8

8. Exploitation of Men and Women and Crime against them

Reading List

- Michael Haralambos & Robin Heald
Joan W. Scott
Ernestine Friedl
M. Anderson (ed)
Altekar, A.S.
- Sociology: Themes and Perspectives, OUP, Delhi, 1997.
Gender and the Politics of History, New York, 1988
Women and Men: An Anthropological View. Sociology of the Family, Penguin, 1971.
The Position of Women in Hindu Civilisation, 2nd ed, Motilal Banarsidas, Delhi, 1978
Representing the Body: Gender Issues in Indian Art, Kali for Women, Delhi, 1997
Women in Modern India, Bombay, 1957
Roles and Rituals for Hindu women,
- Dehejia Vidya
Desai, Neera
Leslie I. Julia (ed.)

Fairleigh, Dickinsin University P
Rutherford, 1991

Women in Mughal India(1526-1748)
Delhi, 1967

Women Writings in India, Vol.I, 600B.
the Early 20th Century, Vol.II, The
Century, 1990,1991, Feminist Press, Y
York, OUP, 1991.

Rosalind O Hanafin

A Comparison between Women and
(Tarabai Shinde and the Critique of G
Relations in Colonial India), OUP, 195
Gender and Command Over Property
Economic Analysis of South Asia, Ka
Women, 1994

Mery E. Wiesner

Women and Gender in Early Modern Eu
CUP, 1993

Journal

Judith Bardwick

Women in Transition, The Harvester
London, 1980.

Parita Mukta

Upholding the Common Life:
Community of Mirabai, Delhi, 1994.
Sexuality and Gender in Early Mo
Europe, CUP, 1993.

James Grantham Turner

Devendera Kiran

Status and Position of Women in India,
New Delhi, 1985

Irfan Habib

'Exploring Medieval Gender History',
Symposia Paper: 23, Indian History
Congress, Calicut, 2000.

Shireen Moosvi

'Work and Gender in Pre - Colonial I
Paper presented to the 11th Internati
Economic History Congress, Milan, 1
11-16 September, 1994

Kumkum Sangari &
Sudesh Vaid (eds)
B.D. Chattopadhyaya
& Kumkum Roy (ed)

Recasting Woman: Essays in Colonial
History, New Delhi, 1989
Women in Early Indian Societies, D
1999

E-6: THE EIGHTEENTH CENTURY IN INDIA

UNIT-1

1. Historiography

- a 'The Dark Age': the century viewed in the shadow of the Mughal Empire.
- b The 'economic prosperity' viewpoint; reconfiguration of the imperial regime at the regional level.
- c The interface of regional political orders with the English East India Company; continuity or change?

UNIT-2

2. Decline of the Mughal Empire in the early 18th century

- a The Delhi-Agra centric view; the institutional and administrative crisis; jagirdari crisis; agrarian crisis.
- b The region centric view; the reorganisation of the imperial regime at the regional level; the emergence of new social groups and their relationship with the Mughal centre.

UNIT-3

3. The political, social and economic transition in the early 18th century

- a The emergence of regional political orders; Awadh, Bengal, Hyderabad, Punjab and the Marathas;
- b continuity or change with the Mughal regime?

UNIT-4

4. The coming of the English East India Company and its encounter with the Mughals and the regional political orders.

UNIT-5

5. The ideological, social and economic referants of the new company regime.
 - a. continuity or change from the pre-colonial regional political orders.

UNIT-6

6. Tradition and transition in 18th century India.

Reading List

- Alam, M., Crisis of empire in Mughal North India, 1701-1748, 1985
- Alavi, S., The Sepoys and the Company, tradition and transition in northern India 1770-1830, 1995
- Ali, M. Athar "The Passing of Empire: the Mughal case", Modern Asia Studies. 1988.
- Bayly, C.A., Rulers, Townsmen and Bazaars: North Indian Society in the age of British expansion, 1770-1870.
- , Indian society and the making of the British empire, 1988
- , Empire and Information, 1996
- Barnett, R., North Indian society between Empires, Awadh, the Mughals and the British 1720-1801, 1980.
- Calkin, P.C., "Formation of a regionally oriented ruling group in Bengal Journal of Asian Studies, 29, August 1970.
- Chandra, S., Parties and politics at the Mughal Court 1707-1739, 197
- Chatterjee, K.K., "Trade and Darbar politics: the Bengal subah 173 1757", Modern Asian Studies, 26,2,1999.
- Cohn B., "Political systems in 18th century India: the Benaras Raj", Cohn, An Anthropologist among Historians and other essays. 1987.
- Cole, J. Roots of Northern Indian Shiaism in Iraq and Iran, 1989.
- Fisher, M.A., Clash of Cultures, Awadh, the British and the Mughals, 191
- Gordon, S., Marathas, Marauders and state formation in 18th century India 1994.
- Grewal, J.S. Sikhs of the Punjab, 1990.
- Habib, Irfan, Agrarian System of Mughal India, 1962.
- , "Potentialities of Capitalistic Development in the economy of Mughal India", The Social Digest, No. 6, September, 19
- Husain Yusuf, The First Nizam: The Life and times of Nizamul Muulk A Jah I, 1963.
- Malik Z.U., "The Great firm theory of the decline of the Mughal Empire: Comparative Studies in Society and History, 21, Nov, 1979.
- McLane, J.R. Land and local kingship in 18th century Bengal, 1993.
- Pearson, M.N. "Merchants and States", in James Tracy ed. Merchants and Empire,
- , "Political Participation in Mughal India", Indian social history Review, 9 Nov. 1972.

F-7 : GENDER RELATIONS IN INDIAN HISTORY 1200-1900

UNIT-1

1. Historiography

1. Theories and Ideologies in Gender studies:
 - (a) Social and biological theories of gender
 - (b) Social construction of gender
 - (c) Cross cultural concepts of gender
 - (d) Concept with reference to tribal, rural and urban context
- (ii) Historical background of women's studies-Tara Bai Shinde, Savitri Bai Phule, Bahina Bai etc.

UNIT-2

2. Status of women through the ages:

Women and men in the family; comparative status; their relational decision making; role in the socialization process, concept of ideal woman eunuchs and their social background; their role in the family and social status of widow and widower; sati; witchcraft.

UNIT-3

3. Economic Contribution of Women and Men:

- (i) Invisible and visible
- (ii) Agrarian sector
- (iii) Urban Sector
- (iv) Different professions of women: Bhatiyari, Meena Bazi Prostitutes, Dancing Girls, Wine Servers, Midwives, nurses, Le Women, Domestic servants, etc.; wages.
- (v) Inheritance.

UNIT-4

4. Gender and Power

Concepts; theories of women's subordination, marriage; harem (Jama'at deo Power: Razia sultan, Nur Jahan, Rani Hadi, Rani Laxmi Bai, Beg Samroo, Pandita Rama Bai Woman: A symbol of Cultural Subordination; male attitude.

Richards, J.F. "The Imperial crisis in the Deccan", Journal of Asian Studies, Vol. 35, Feb. 1976.

Sarkar, J.N, Fall of the Mughal empire.

N.A. Siddiqui, Land Revenue administration under the Mughals, 1970.

Wink, A., Land and sovereignty in India: Agrarian Society and politics under the 18th century Maratha Swarajya, 1986.

F-9 : THE ECONOMIC HISTORY OF INDIA 1800-1964

UNIT-1

1. The 18th Century Prelude

Changing Configurations of State power in India; European Merchants Warriors in competition; The 18th century Indian economy-decline, growth or redistribution?

2. Economic Change under the Company rule

Mapping and reinterpreting the new possessions; Colonial ruptures; Indigenous resilience; attempts at Institutional change; tenurial rights and revenue collection; early colonial commercialization in agriculture and de-industrialization; the decline of monopoly and the growth of *laissez faire*; India's foreign trade and the extraction of tribute.

UNIT-2

3. Economic foundations of the British Raj in India

Mechanisms of financial, commercial and monetary control; the debt on the Drain of Wealth, India, Britain and World economy.

4. Demography in India

Sources; population change, mortality, fertility, age structure, migration and sectoral changes; regional and communal patterns in vital rates.

5. Agriculture

the commercialization of Indian agriculture; trends in agricultural productivity and regional patterns.

UNIT-3

6. Commerce and banking

7. Industry

History of modern factory industry-case studies of cotton, jute, iron and steel; industrial change and state policies; entrepreneurship in industry; foreign competition and Indian Industry. Government sponsored investments

irrigation; The nature of capital mobilization, organizational structure and the question of adequacy and the impact on the economy.

Caldwell, John Charles, et al. *The Causes of Demographic Change : Experimental Research in South India*, Social Demography. Madison, Wis.: University of Wisconsin Press, 1988.

Caplan, Patricia. *Class and Gender in India : Women and their Organizations in a South Indian City*. London, New York: Tavistock Publications, 1985.

Das Gupta, Monica, and Li Shuzhuo. "Gender Bias in China, South Korea and India 1920-1990 : Effects of War, Famine and Fertility Decline." *Development and Change*, 30 (1999): 619-52.

Das Gupta, Monica, and World Bank Development Research Group.

Regulation and Competition policy. Liberte, Egalite, Fraternite Exploring the Role of Governance in Fertility Decline. Washington, DC: World Bank Development

Davis, Kingsley. *The Population of India and Pakistan*. Princeton: Princeton UP, 1951.

Dyson, Tim. Birth Rate Trends in India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh & Pakistan : A Long, Comparative View. (mimeo)

-----Demographic Responses to Famine in South Asia.

Kapadia, Karin. Siva and Her Sisters : Gender, Caste and Class in Rural South India, Studies in the Ethnographic Imagination. Boulder, Colorado: Westview Press, 1995.

Kertzer, David I., and Dennis P. Hogan. Family. *Political Economy, and Demographic Change : The Transformation of Life in Casalecchio, Italy, 1861-1921*, Life Course Studies. Wisconsin; London: University of Wisconsin Press, 1989

Phillips, James F., and Zeba A. Sathar. Fertility Transition in South Asia, international Studies in Demography. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2001.

Rotberg, Robert I., et al. Population and Economy : Population and History Series. Cambridge [Cambridgeshire]; New York: Cambridge University Press, 1986.

Shryock, Henry S., Jacob S. Siegel, and Edward G. Stockman. *Methods and Materials of Demography*. Condensed ed.

Studies in Population. New York: Academic Press, 1961

Iyer, Sriya. Demography and Religion in India. New Delhi:

York: Oxford University Press, 2002.
Guha, Sumit. Health and Population in South Asia. London: Oxford University Press, 2002.



F-10 : SOCIAL HISTORY OF INDIA 1800-1960

UNIT-1

1. Historiography

- European views of Indian history and society from 1800 to the present
2. Ideology and governance
law; civil administration; the army and police.

UNIT-2

3. Social change in colonial India: caste, tribe, gender and community
4. The nature of colonial urbanisation and town-planning.

UNIT-3

5. The colonial state and issues of social welfare:

- a. Public Health
b. Education
6. The arts in a colonial society:
a. Architecture and the fine arts
b. Film and literature

UNIT-4

7. The ideology and agenda of social reform movements
8. The consolidation of religious identity and communal conflict

Reading List

General

1. J. Brown, India- *The Making of a Modern Democracy* (Delhi, 1984)
2. S. Bose and A. Jalal, *History of Modern South Asia*, Delhi, 1998.
3. S. Khilnani, *The Idea of India* (Delhi, 1998)

Topic-1

- C.H. Philips, *Historians of India, Pakistan and Ceylon* (Oxford 1961)
pp 384-415

Neil Charlesworth, *Peasants and Imperial Rule: Agriculture and Agrarian Society in Bombay Presidency*, Cambridge, 1985
Elizabeth Whitecombe, *Agrarian Conditions in Northern India*, New Delhi, 1971

George Blyn, *Agricultural Trends in India: 1891-1947: Output, Availability and Productivity*, Philadelphia, 1966
Sumit Guha (ed) *Growth, Stagnation or Decline? Agricultural Productivity in British India*, Delhi, 1994

Topic-6

S.B. Saul, *Studies in British Overseas Trade, 1870-1914*, Liverpool, 1960
K. N. Chaudhuri, *India's International Economy in the Nineteenth Century: An Historical Survey*, MAS, 2,1, 1968

Topic-7

D.R. Gadgil, *The Industrial Evolution of India*
D.H. Buchanan, *The Development of Capitalist Enterprise in India*
Rajat Ray (ed), *Entrepreneurship and Industry in India, 1800-1947*, Delhi, 1994
Colin Simmons, *De-industrialisation and the Indian Economy, 1850-1947*, MAS, 19,3, 1985

Topic-8

V.Dubey, "Railways" in V.B. Singh (ed) *Economic History of India*
W.J. Macpherson, "Investment in Indian Railways 1845-1875, Economic History Review, 8,2, 1955-56

Topic-9

A.K. Bagchi, *Private Investment in India, 1900-1939*, Delhi 1979

Topic-10 & 11

Francine Frankel, *India's Political Economy, 1947-1977: The Gradual Revolution*, Princeton, 1977
A. Vaidyanathan, *The Indian Economy: Crisis, Response and Prospects*, New Delhi, 1995
Angus Madison, *Class Structure and Economic Growth: India and Pakistan Since the Moghuls*, London, 1971
Irfan Habib, "Studying a Colonial Economy Without Perceiving Colonialism", MAS, 19,3, 1985

- T. Metcalf, *Ideologies of the Raj* (Delhi 1995)
 Dhanpati Pande, *Adhunik Bharat ka Samajik Itihaas* (Delhi 1994)
- Topic-2**
 E.T. Stokes, *Peasant and the Raj* (Cambridge 1978)
 S.H. and L. Rudolph, *Modernity of Tradition* (Chicago, 1967), pp 254-93
 D.M. Derrett, *Introduction to Modern Hindu Law* (London 1963) pp 1-31
 A.A.A. Fyze, *Outlines of Mohammedan Law* (London 1964) pp 10-84, 460-70
 B. Cohn, 'Language of Command' in *Colonialism and its Forms of Knowledge*, Delhi 1997
 -do- 'Representing Authority in Victorian England', in *An Anthropologist Among Historians* (Delhi 1987)
- Topic-3**
 Susan Bayly, *Caste, Society and Politics in India from the 18th Century to the Modern Age* (Cambridge 1999)
 M.N. Srinivas, *Social Change in Modern India*, (Delhi 1975)
 A. Maddison, *Class Structure and Economic Growth in India* (London 1971),
 Yogendra Singh, *Modernization of Indian Tradition* (Delhi 1973)
 Imtiaz Ahmad, *Modernization and Social Change among Muslims in India* (Delhi 1983)
 R.O' Hanlon, *Caste, conflict and ideology* (Cambridge 1985)
 M. Galanter, *Competing Inequalities* (Delhi 1984) pp 18-40
 P.R. Brass, *Ethnicity and Nationalism* (Delhi 1991) pp 75-108
 B. Chaudhuri (ed) *Tribal Development in India* (Delhi 1991)
 K. Sangari and S. Vaid (ed.) *Recasting women* (Delhi 1989)
- Topic-4**
 A.D. King, *Colonial Urban Development* (London 1976)
 N. Evenson, *The Indian Metropolis* (Delhi 1989)
 R. Ramachandran, *Urbanization and Urban Systems in India* (Delhi 1988)
- Topic-5**
 David Arnold, *Colonizing the Body*, (Berkeley 1993)
- G. Viswanathan, *Masks of Conquest* (Delhi 1991)
 S.H. and L. Rudolph (ed.), *Education and Politics in India* (Delhi 1972)
 S. Nurullah and J.P. Naik, *History of Education in India* (Bombay 1951)
 Krishna Kumar, *Political agenda of education: a study of colonialism and nationalist ideas* (Delhi 1991)
- Topic -6**
 P. Mitter, *Art and Nationalism in Colonial India* (Cambridge 1994)
 P. Sundar, *Patrons and Philistines* (Delhi 1995)
 J. Lang and M. Desai, *Architecture and Independence* (Delhi 1997)
 T.R. Metcalf, *An Imperial Vision: Indian Architecture and Britain's Raj* (Berkeley 1989)
- Topic-7**
 J.N. Farquhar, *Modern Religious Movements in India* (Delhi 1967)
 H.G. Coward (ed) *Modern Religious Movements in India* (New York 1987)
 M. Mujeeb, *Indian Muslims* (London. 1967)
- Topic-8**
 Stephen Dale, *Islamic Society on the South Asian Frontier: the Malabar of Malabar, 1498-1992* (Oxford 1979)
 Gyanendra Pandey, *The Construction of Communalism in North India* (Delhi)

- 78

F-11: AGRARIAN MOVEMENTS AND UPRISINGS 1830-1951

UNIT-I

1. Conceptual framework:

- i. Defining peasants (tribal and non-tribal), organisation of peasant production and forms of domination (England, France, Eastern Europe and non-European variants); forms of peasant consciousness based on class, caste, community, religion and nation.
- ii Historical/Geographical Approaches: Colonial, Nationalist, Marxist and the Subalternists

UNIT-II

2. Faraizi and Wahabi uprisings in Bengal in 1830s
3. Santhal Rebellion 1855-56: tribal identity, apparatus of coercion, solidarity and resistance; leadership; organisation and mobilisation; non-tribal support for the rebellion.
4. Indigo movement 1859-60: organisation of production; condition of cultivators; role of British policy; the response of Bengali middle class
5. Pabna uprising and related disturbances in Bengal 1859-85: landlord-peasant relationship and the struggle for occupancy rights; Bengal Tenancy Act of 1859 and its implications; organisation and mobilisation of peasants.
6. Deccan Riots 1875: administrative and legal reforms and their impact on the village community, incidence of indebtedness and land alienation; village headmen and the issue of leadership.
7. Moplah Rebellions 1832-1921: social structure and landholding patterns in nineteenth century Malabar; impact of British land policy on the Moplahs; organisation and leadership; agrarian discontent, religious solidarity and the making of peasant ideology; Moplah uprising of 1921

UNIT-III

8. Gandhi's encounter with peasants: Champaran satyagraha 1917; peasant movement in Kheda 1918; Bardoli satyagraha 1928.
9. Agrarian protests in the United Provinces 1919-30:

condition of peasantry, Kisan sabha and peasant initiative from below; leadership and social base of the Kisan Sabha; urban leadership and attempts at mobilisation; agrarian agitation and Congress politics.

10. Peasant Movements in Bihar 1920-40: problems of peasantry; formation of Kisan Sabha; radicalisation of peasant politics; Congress and the issue of peasant autonomy; caste as a factor in peasant mobilisation

UNIT-IV

11. Peasant uprisings in the 1940s:

- i Tebhaga Agitation 1946-47; agrarian structure and the problem of bargadari; the issue of Tebhaga and peasant unrest; peasant response to attempts at political mobilisation; communal politics and its impact on the peasantry; nature of sharecroppers' agitation
- ii Telangana Peasant Struggle 1944-1951: land control and social base of the communists; Popular resistance and the search for new political identity.
- iii a. Worli uprising
b. Punnarevayalar uprising

Reading List

General

- A.R. Desai, Peasant Struggles in India, Delhi, 1979.
D.N. Dhanagare, Peasant Movements in India 1920-50, Delhi, 1983
Ranjit Guba, Elementary Aspects of Peasant Insurgency in Colonial India, Delhi, 1983
Eric Stokes, The Peasant and the Raj: Studies in Agrarian Society and Peasant Rebellion in Colonial India, Cambridge, 1978
David Hardiman, Peasant Resistance in India 1858-1914, Delhi, 1992
J. Scott, The Moral Economy of the Peasant: Rebellion and Subsistence in Southeast Asia, Yale, 1976

UNIT-I

T. Shanin, ed., Peasants and Peasant Societies. U.S.A., 1971.

Eric Wolf, Peasants.

Barrington, Moore, Social Origins of Dictatorship and Democracy: Lord and Peasant in the Making of Modern World, 1973.

E.P. Thompson, 'Moral Economy of the English Crowd in the Eighteenth Century', *Past and Present*, No. 50, 1971.

Michael Adas, 'From Avoidance to Confrontation: Peasant Protest in pre-colonial and Colonial Southeast Asia', *Comparative Studies in Society and History*, April, 1981.

James Scott, *The Moral Economy of the Peasant: Rebellion and Subsistence in Southeast Asia*, Yale, 1976.

Ranajit Guha, ed., *A Subaltern Studies Reader 1986-1995*, Minneapolis, 1997.

Partha Chatterjee, 'Caste and Subaltern Consciousness' in Ranajit Guha (ed.), *Subaltern Studies*, Vol. VI, 1989.

B. B. Choudhuri, 'Trends in the Recent Studies in the Agrarian History of colonial India', in T. Banerjee ed., *Historical Research Since Independence*, Calcutta, 1986.

Hanza Alavi, 'India and the Colonial Mode of Production, The socialist Register, 1975.

David Ludden, *Peasant History in South India*, Princeton, 1985.

C. Dewey and A.G. Hopkins, *The Imperial Impact: Studies in the Economic History of Africa and India*.

Kathleen Gough, 'Indian Peasant Uprisings', *Economic and Political Weekly*, Special Number, August 1974.

Bipan Chandra, ed., *The Indian Left: Critical appraisal*, Delhi, 1983.

Shahid Amin, 'Agrarian Bases of Nationalist Agitations in India: An Historiographical Survey', in D.A. Low, *The Indian National Congress*, Delhi, 1988.

E.J. Hobsbawm, 'Peasants and Politics,' *Journal of Peasant Studies*, No. 1 Oct, 1973.

D. Hardiman 'Subaltern Studies at the Crossroads' *EPW*. 15 Feb 1995.

Anil Seal, et al, *Power, Profit and Politics*, Cambridge, 1981.

K.N. Pannikar ed., *National and Left Movements in India*, Delhi, 1980.

Ranajit Guha ed., *Subaltern Studies Series*, vols. I-IV

UNIT-II

W.W.Hunter, *Annals of Rural Bengal*, (7th edn.) London, 1897

Ranajit Guha, *Elementary Aspects*, etc.

K.K. Dutta, *Anti-British Plots and Movements before 1857*.

S.B. Chaudhuri, *Civil Disturbances during the British Rule in India 1765-1857*.

B.B. Chaudhuri, *The Transformation of Rural Protest in Eastern India 1757-1930* Presidential Address, Modern Indian History Section.

Narahari Kaviraj, *Wahabi and Farazi Rebels of Bengal*, Delhi, 1982

C. Palit, *Tensions in Bengal: Rural society 1830-60*, Calcutta, 1977

L. Natarajan, 'Indigo Cultivators' Strike', in A.R. Desai ed., *Peasant Struggles in India*.

Blair B. Kling, *The Blue Mutiny, 1859-61*.

Colin Fisher, 'Planters and Peasants', in C. Dewey and A.G. Hopkins, ed *The Imperial Impact: Studies in the Economic History of Africa and India*.

Anil Chandra Banerjee, *The Agrarian System of Bengal*, Vol. II, 179: 1955, pp. 100-111.

Ranajit Guha, 'Neel Darpan', in *Journal of Peasant Studies*, Vol. II, 1974.

Ravinder Kumar, 'The Deccan Riots of 1875', *Journal of Asian Studies*, Vol. 24, No. 4, August 1965.

-do-, *Western India in the Nineteenth Century*, London, 1968.

Neil Charlesworth, 'Myth of the Deccan Riots' in *Modern Asian Studies*: Vol. 5, No. 2, 1972.

L. Natarajan, 'Maratha Uprising' in A.R. Desai ed, *Peasant Struggles*, etc. I.J. Catanach, *Rural Credit in Western India, 1876-1930*. chap. I.

Rajat Ray, *Social Conflict and Political Unrest in Bengal 1875-1927*.

Kalyan Sengupta, *Pabna Disturbances, and the Politics of Rent: 1873-1884*.

Sunil Sen, *Peasant Struggle in Pabna 1872-73*, *New Age*, vol. 3, No. 2, 195

Anil Chandra Banerjee, *The Agrarian System of Bengal* Vol. II, pp. 167-191

B.B. Chaudhuri, 'Agrarian Economy in Agrarian Politics in Bengal 1859-1885', in N.K. Sinha ed., *History of Bengal, 1757-1905*.

B.B. Chaudhuri, 'Peasant Movements in Bengal, 1850-1890', in *Nineteenth Century Studies*, No. 3, July, 1973.

K.N. Pannikar, *The Story of a Peasant Revolt in a Bengal district*, *Bengal Past and Present*, July-December, 1973.

K.N. Pannikar, *Against Lord and State: Religion and Peasant Uprising in Malabar 1836-1921*.

D.N. Dhanagare, *Peasant Movements in India, 1920-1950*, New Delhi, 1989

Conrad Wood, 'Peasant Revolt: An Interpretation of Moplah Violence in the 19th and 20th century', in C. Dewey and A.G. Hopkins ed., *The Imperia Impact*.

Robert. L. Hardgrave Jr., 'The Mapilla Rebellion, 1921: Peasant Revolt in Malabar', in *Modern Asian Studies*, vol. XI, No. I, 1977.

Stephen F. Dale, *Islamic Society on the South Asian Frontier: the Mapilla of Malabar, 1498-1992*

Conrad Wood, *The Moplah Rebellion and its Genesis*, Delhi 1987

UNIT-5

9. The Government of India Act of 1935 and the Provincial autonomy, the elections of 1937 and the working of provincial governments; States and peoples' movements and nationalism

10. Political developments during the Second World War, the Quit India Movement of 1942; Subhash Chandra Bose and INA, the Royal Naval Mutiny.

UNIT-6

11. Towards freedom -1940s; 'Two-Nation Theory' and the Pakistan Movement; The Cripps and the Cabinet Missions' negotiations regarding political future of India.

12. 1946 elections; communal polarisation of society and politics; the Interim government and the Mountbatten Plan; Independence and Partition

UNIT-7

13. Integration of Indian states, adjustment and accommodation; the making of sovereign India's constitution; abolition of Zamindari and laying the foundation of industrial infrastructure; launching of the planned economy.

14. Regional aspirations and the linguistic reorganization of Indian provinces; social agenda of Indian state; uplifting of women, Dalits and other deprived sections; democracy and various social groups.

Reading List

Anthony D. Smith, *Theories of Nationalism*, Duckworth, London, 1971
Anthony D. Smith, *Nationalism: Theory, Ideology, History*, Polity, Cambridge

John Hutchinson and Anthony D. Smith, eds. *Nationalism*, Oxford Reader 1994

John Eddy and Deryck Schreudder, *The Rise of Colonial Nationalism: Australia, New Zealand, Canada and South Africa-1880-1914*, Allen and Unwin, Sydney, 1988.

Ernest Gellener, *Nations and Nationalism*, Basil Blackwell, 1983.

-do- *Encounters with Nationalism*, Blackwell 1999.

E.J. Habsbawm, *Nations and Nationalism Since 1780: Programme, Myth, Reality*, Cambridge University Press 1992.

Benedict Anderson, *Imagined Communities: Reflections on the Origin and Spread of Nationalism*, Verso, London, 1983.

Partha Chatterji, *Nationalist Thought and the Colonial World: A Derivative Discourse*, O.U.P., 1986.

Partha Chatterji, *The Nation and its' Fragments: Colonial and Post-Colonial Histories*, O.U.P. 1994.

T.Panthen and K.L. Deutsch (ed), *Political Thought in Modern India*, Sage Publications, New Delhi 1986.

G. Aloysius, *Nationalism Without a Nation in India*, O.U.P. 1993.

J.R. McLane, *Indian Nationalism and the Early Congress*, Princeton University Press, 1973.

Jim Masselos, *Nationalism in Indian Subcontinent*.

Bhiku Parekh, *Colonialism, Tradition and Reform*, Sage Publications 1988

Tapan Raychoudhuri, *Europe Reconsidered: Perceptions of the West in Nineteenth Century Bengal*, O.U.P., New Delhi, 1988.

Sumit Sarkar, *Swadeshti Movement*.

Sumit Sarkar, *Modern India 1885-1947*, Macmillan, 1983.

Ranjit Guha (ed.), *Subaltern Studies Volumes*, O.U.P., New Delhi

Bipan Chandra, *Communalism in Modern India*, Vikas Pub. House, New Delhi 1984.

Bipan Chandra, *Nationalism and Colonialism in Modern India*,

Orient Longman, New Delhi 1981.

Bipan Chandra and others, *India's Struggle for Independence*, Viking, 1988

Mushirul Hasan, *Nationalism and Communal Politics in India*, Manohar 1991.

Mushirul Hasan (ed), *Pan-Islamic and Communal trends in Colonial India*, Manohar 1982.

Gyanendra Pandey, *The Construction of Communalism in Colonial North India*, O.U.P., New Delhi 1990.

Sandria Freitag, *Collective Action and Community: Public Arenas and the Emergence of Communalism in North India*, O.U.P., Delhi 1999

Moin Shakir, *Khilafat to Partition*, Kalamkar Prakashan, 1970.

Gail Minault, *The Khilafat Movement: Religious symbolism and*

UNIT-III

J. Pouchepadass, 'Local leaders and the intelligentsia in the Champaran Satyagraha (1917): a study in peasant mobilisation', Contributions to Indian Sociology (NS), 1974

S. Henningham, Peasant Movements in Colonial India: North Bihar D.Hardiman, Peasant Nationalists of Gujarat: Kheda 1917-1934.

M.H. Siddiqi, Agrarian unrest in North India: The United Provinces, 1918-22 Gyanendra Pandey, Peasant Revolt and Indian Nationalism: the Peasant Movements in Awadh, 1919-1922, in R. Guha ed., Subaltern Studies, Vol. I S.K. Mittal and Kapil Kumar, 'Baba Ram Chandra and Peasant Uprisings in Oudh: 1920-21, in Social Scientist, Vol.6. No. II, June, 1978.

W.F. Crawley, Kisan Sabhas and Agrarian Revolt in the United Provinces, 1920-21, Modern Asian Studies, Vol. 5, No. 2, 1971.

D.N. Dhanagare, Peasant Movements

Smifa Jassal, Agrarian Contradiction and Resistance in Faizabad District of Oudh 1858-1970, JPS, vol. 7, No. 3.

Gobind Kelkar, Kisan Unrest and the Congress in Uttar Pradesh, 1920-1922, E.P.S., Vol. 10, No. 52, December 1975.

Stephen Henningham, Peasant Movements in Colonial India: North Bihar, 1917-42, Canberra, 1982.

G.P. Sharma, Congress and the Peasant Movements in Bihar, Bombay, 1987.

B.B. Chaudhuri, Agrarian Unrest in Bengal and Bihar, 1900-1940, in B.R. Nanda ed, Socialism in India.

Arvind N. Das, Agrarian Unrest and Socio-economic Change in Bihar.

K.K. Datta, History of the Freedom Movement in Bihar, Vol. I.

UNIT-IV

A. Cooper, Sharecropping and Sharecroppers' Struggle in Bengal

Sunil K. Sen, Agrarian Struggle in Bengal, 1946-47.

S. Gupta, 'The Sharecroppers and the Tebhaga Bill of Bengal' in the Indian Journal of Economics, Vol. XXVIII, No. 2, 1947.

Partha Chatterjee, 'The colonial State and Peasant Resistance in Bengal 1920-1947, Bengal Past and Present, No. 110, 1986.

D.N. Dhanagare, Peasant Movements, etc. chap VIII.

F-12: INDIAN NATIONALISM AND POLITICAL PROCESSES 1875-1956

UNIT-1

1. The meaning of the nation and nationalism, typology of nationalism, anti-colonialism and nationalism.
2. Various historical interpretations of Indian nationalism.

UNIT-2

3. Growing nationalist consciousness; Pan-Indian Associations and founding of the Indian National Congress in 1885; politics of conflict and collaboration; social base of early nationalism
4. Emerging pattern of the nationalist movement; religio-cultural resources of Indian nationalism; communal, communitarian and the caste movements and their relationship with nationalist movements; revolutionaries, moderates and extremists.

UNIT-3

5. Constitutional changes and political accommodation; the Council Act of 1909, granting of separate electorates; founding of the Muslim League and communal politics; Hindu Mahasabha; emergence of the Hindu Right Wing.
6. Home Rule League movements; Pan Islamism and Indian nationalism; the Khilafat built up; the Government of India Act of 1919 and Dyarchy; struggle for accommodation in the emerging power structures; growing communalization of society and politics.

UNIT-4

7. Gandhi and the era of mass politics; Gandhi's early experiments with mass politics; Rowlatt Satyagrah, the Non-cooperation and Khilafat movement; the Civil Disobedience movements.
8. Popular upsurge and the rise of the left in the 1920s and 1930s; the Indian National Congress and the working class and peasant movements; the Congress Socialist Party and the left radicalism within Indian National Congress; Capitalist class and Indian nationalism

Political Mobilisation in India, O.U.P., Delhi 1982.

B.R. Nanda, Gandhi: Pan-Islamism, Imperialism and Nationalism in India, O.U.P. Bombay 1989.

James Piscatori, Islam in a World of Nation States, Cambridge University Press 1986.

Judith Brown, Gandhi, the Prisoner of Hope, O.U.P. Delhi 1990.

-do- Gandhi and the Civil Disobedience: The Mahatma in Indian Politics 1928-34, Cambridge University Press, 1977.

-do- Modern India: The Origin of an Asian Democracy, O.U.P., Delhi 1984.

G.R. Thursby, Hindu-Muslim Relation in British India: A Study of Controversy, Conflict and Communal Movements In Northern India 1923-28, Leiden 1975.

Uma Kaura, Muslims and Indian Nationalism: the Emergence of the Demand for Partition of India, Manohar, 1977.

Gyanendra Pandey (ed.), Indian Nation in 1942, Manohar Book Service, 1971.

F. G. Hutchins. The Spontaneous Revolution.

Anita Inder Singh, The Origins of the Partition of India 1936-1947, O.U.P., Delhi, 1987.

Ayesha Jalal, Sole Spokesman: Jinnah, the Muslim League and Demand for Pakistan, Cambridge University Press, 1985.

Ian Talbot, The Punjab and the Raj 1849-1947, Manohar 1988.

-do- Provincial Politics and the Pakistan Movement: The Growth of Muslim League in North-West and North-East India 1937-47, O.U.P., Karachi, 1988.

Ian Talbot and Harpal Singh (ed.), Region and Partition: Bengal and Punjab and Partition of the Sub-continent, O.U.P., 1999.

Salil Misra, A Narrative of Communal Politics: Uttar Pradesh 1937-39, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2001.

David Gilmartin, The Empire and Islam: Punjab and the Making of Pakistan, O.U.P., Delhi, 1989.

Mushirul Hasan, (ed.), India's Partition: Process, Strategy and Mobilisation, O.U.P., 1993.

Gyanendra Pandey, Remembering Partition: Violence, Nationalism and History, Cambridge University Press, 2001.

R.J. Moore, Crisis of Indian Unity 1917-1940, O.U.P., Delhi, 1974.

-do- The Endgames of Empire: Studies of Britain's India Problem, O.U.P., Delhi, 1988.

B.B. Mishra, The Unification and Division of India, O.U.P., Delhi 1990

Joya Chatterji, Bengal Divided: Hindu Communalism and Partition 1932-1947, Cambridge University Press, 1995.

Sucheta Mahajan, Independence and Partition, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2000.

Penderel Moon, Divide and Quit.

Sugata Bose and Ayesha Jalal (ed.), Nationalism, Democracy and Development.

T.V. Sathyamurthy, State and Nation in the Context of Social Change.

Achin Vnayak, The Painful Transition

Donald E. Smith, India as a Secular State, Princeton University Press, 1963.

Rajeev Bhargava (ed), Secularism and its Critics, O.U.P., Delhi, 1992.